ENGINEERING
TOMORROW

Danfoss

User Guide

Capacity controller
AK-PC 651

ADAP-KOOL® Refrigeration Control System

Introduction

Application
The controller is used for capacity regulation of compressors and condensers in small refrigeration applications. A maximum of 10 compressors and one condenser can be regulated. For example:
• One suction group + one condenser group (max. 15 steps)
• One compressor group, max. 10 steps
• One condenser group, max. 8 steps

Advantages
• Energy savings via:
  - Optimisation of suction pressure
  - Night time increase
  - Floating condensing pressure
  - Load limitation

Input and output
There are a limited number of available inputs and outputs.
For each signal type, though, the following can be connected:
• Analogue inputs, max. 10 pcs.
  Signal from pressure transmitters, temperature sensors,
  voltage signal, etc.
• Digital inputs, max. 18 pcs.
  Signal from automatic safety control, day/night signal, etc.
• Relay outputs, max. 13 pcs.
  Connection of compressors, condenser fans
• Solid state outputs, max. 2 pcs.
  - Control of capacity valve on a Copeland digital scroll
  - Control of unloaders on a Copeland stream compressor.
  - Control of unloaders on a Bitzer CRII Ecoline compressor
  If the outputs are not used for these functions, they can be used
  as ordinary relay outputs
• Analogue outputs, max. 4 pcs.
  Speed control of compressors or condenser fans.

Operation
The daily operation can be set up directly on the controller or
via an external display device.
During set-up, the display images will be adjusted so that only
the relevant images are opened for additional setting and
end-user operation.
The operation is password protected, and three levels of
access can be granted.
The controller contains several languages. Select the preferred
language at start-up.

Data communication
The controller has built-in modbus data communication, and it
can be connected to a system device in the AK-SM 800 serie.
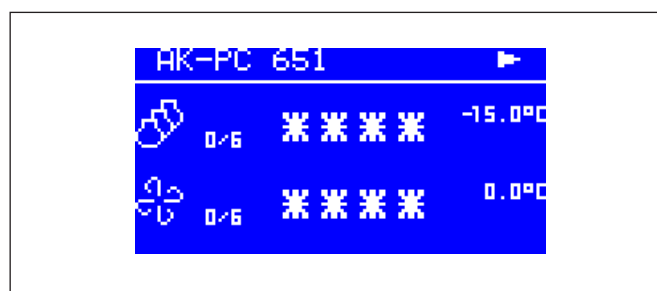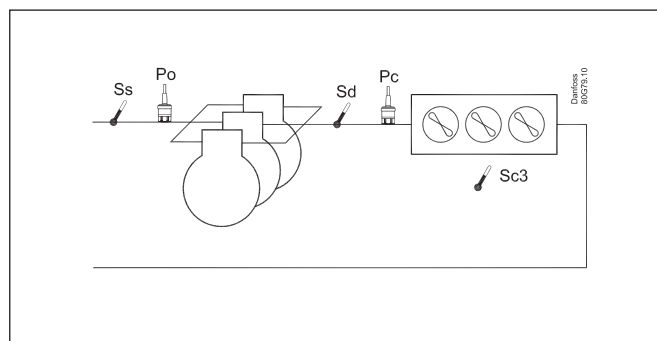
Suction Group

Compressor types

The following types of compressor combinations can be used for regulation:

• Several single-step compressors
• One speed controlled compressor + single-step compressors or multi -step compressors
• One Digital scroll compressor + single-step compressors or multi -step compressors
• One Copeland Stream Compressor (4 or 6 cylinders) + single-step or multi-step compressors
• Bitzer CRII compressor (4 or 6 cylinders) + single-step or multi-step compressors
• One multi-step compressor + single-step compressors
• Several multi-step compressors with the same number of unloaders

In the combinations where the first compressor is different from the others, it may be of a different size than the subsequent single-stage compressors.
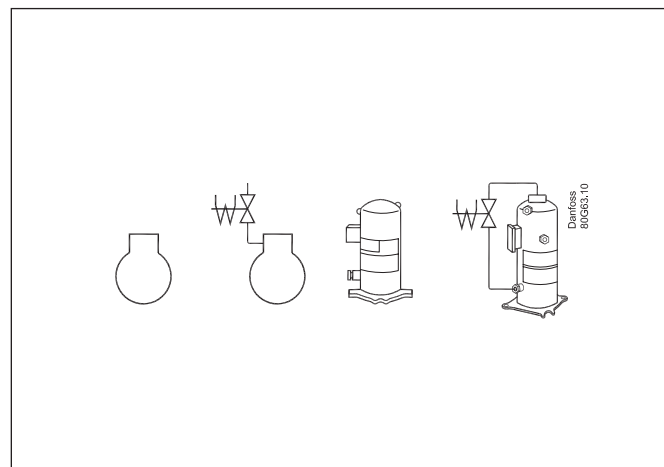
Capacity regulation

The cut-in capacity is controlled by signals from the connected pressure transmitter/temperature sensor and the set reference. Set a neutral zone around the reference .
In the neutral zone, the regulating compressor controls the capacity so that pressure can be maintained. When it can no longer maintain the pressure within the neutral zone, the control-ler will cut out or cut in the next compressor in the sequence. When further capacity is either cut out or cut in, the capacity from the regulating compressor will be modified accordingly to maintain the pressure within the neutral zone (only where the compressor has variable capacity).

– When the pressure is higher than the "reference + a half neutral zone", cut-in of the next compressor (arrow up) is permitted.
– When the pressure is lower than the "reference - a half neutral zone", cut-out of a compressor (arrow down) is permitted.
– When the pressure is within the neutral zone, the process will continue with the currently activated compressors.
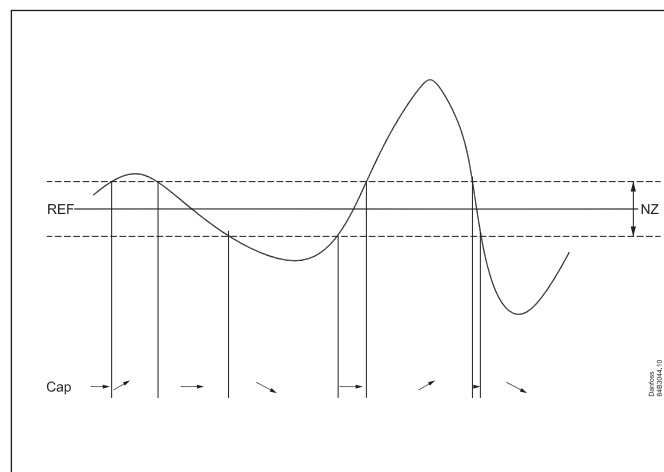
Control sensor

Normally, a suction group is controlled based on a signal from the Po pressure transmitter.
If control on a brine, the S4 sensor must be the control sensor. The Po pressure transmitter must also be installed, as it is used for frost protection.
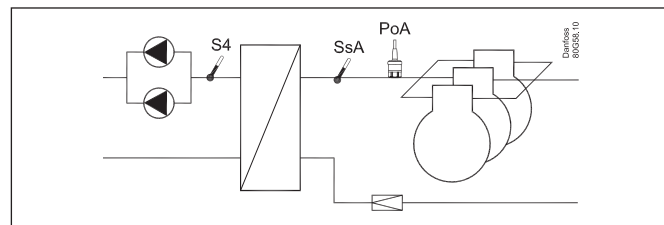
The reference

At set or variable reference can be used for regulation. For example, the variable reference can be used for a night time increase or Po optimisation. Enter a set point here so that a contribution from the Po optimisation or night time increase is added. This contribution can raise or lower the reference, as determined by the momentary cooling need.
To limit the reference from values that are too high or too low, set a max. and min. limit.
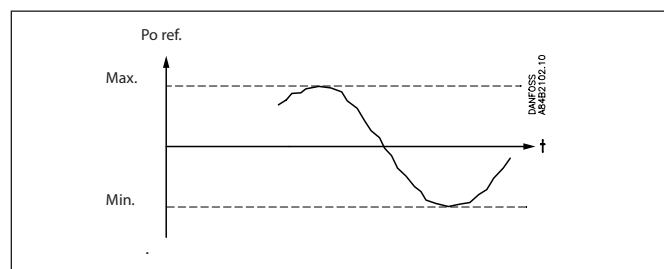
Condenser

Fan control

The fans can be controlled incrementally using the controller's relays, or they can be speed-controlled via the controller's analogue output.
Speed control can be via a frequency VLT-type converter.
If the fans have EC motors, the 0-10 V signal can be used directly.

Step and speed simultaneously. (Parallel signals in step with each other.) This function is primarily used to control
a frequency converter, but if the frequency converter fails, external wiring will switch over to step control.

During night operation, the noise level of the fans can be kept down. This is done by limiting the cutin capacity.
For speed control, keep the number of revolutions low.
Omit step cutin for step-by-step activation.

The limitation is bypassed if safety functions Sd max. and Pc max. start to function.
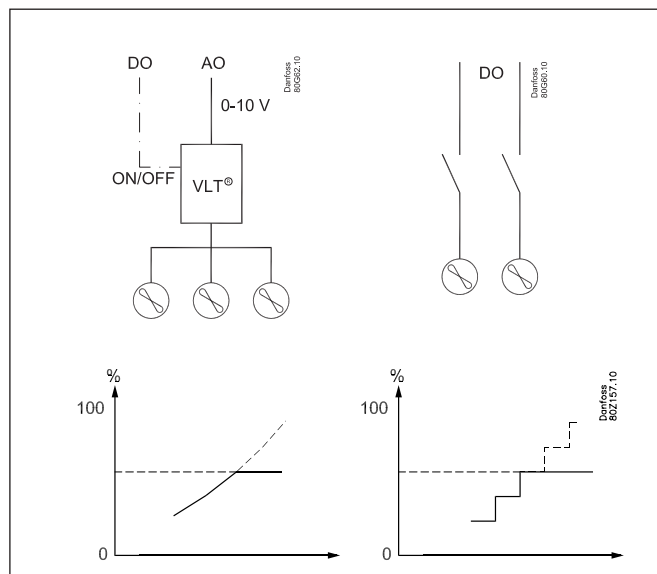
Control

Regulation is carried out based on a signal from the Pc pressure transmitter or an S7 media temperature sensor. The signal is compared with the regulation reference.

The regulation reference can originate from one or more of the following functions:
• Fixed reference
• Variable reference, which follows the outdoor temperature.
  When the outdoor temperature drops, the reference will drop by a corresponding amount.
  This variable reference requires the installation of an Sc3 outdoor temperature sensor. The sensor must be positioned so that it registers the correct outdoor temperature. In other words, it must be shielded from direct sunlight and located near the airway of the condenser.
  This regulation requires setting a min. and max. reference, so that the regulation process is kept within the given limits.
• Increase the reference for heat recovery.
  Here the reference is raised to a fixed value when a signal is received on a DI input. The reference value can be higher than the set max. reference.
  When the temperature of the heat recovery has been reached and the DI signal disappears, the reference will drop once again, though it will do so over the course of a few minutes to prevent abrupt changes in the reference.

Media temperature
If controlling a media temperature, the control sensor must be set to S7. This temperature sensor must be located in the desired medium.
The Pc pressure transmitter must also be installed. It is used for high-pressure monitoring.
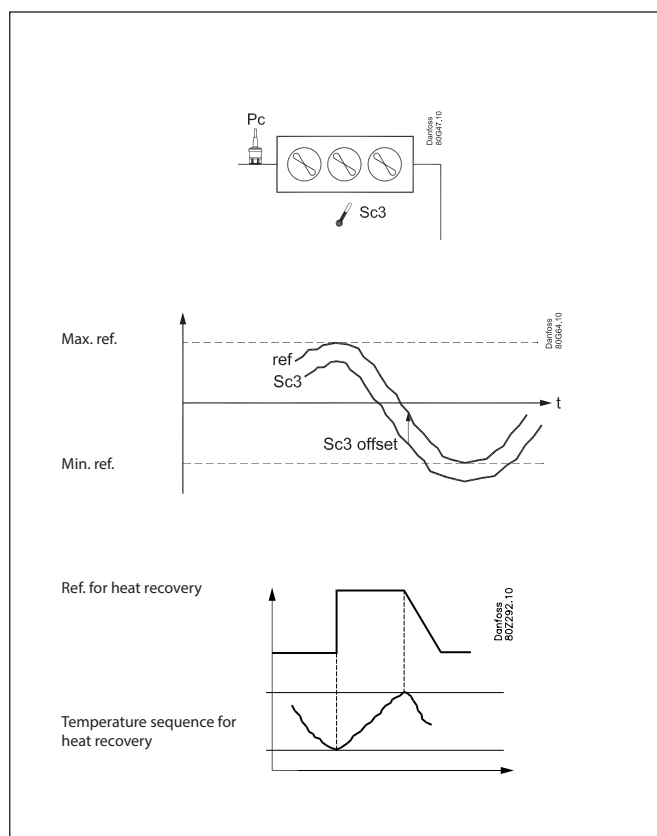
Safety functions

Min./max. suction pressure Po
The suction pressure is recorded continuously.
If the measured value falls below the set minimum limit, the compressors will immediately cut out.
If it exceeds the max. value, an alarm will be generated once the time delay has elapsed.

Max. condensing pressure Pc
If the condensing pressure reaches the upper permissible value (3 K below limit), the controller will connect all condenser fans to keep the pressure down. At the same time, a portion of the compressor capacity will be disconnected. If the pressure remains near the threshold value, even more compressors will be disconnected.
All compressors will be disconnected immediately if the threshold value is exceeded.

LP switch
On/off signal on a DI input
If a signal is received, all compressors will immediately be stopped.

HP switch
On/off signal on a DI input
If a signal is received, all compressors will immediately be stopped.
Fan capacity will increase depending on how much the Pc measurement exceeds the reference.

Min./max superheating via Ss measurement
Temperature sensor on an AI input.
If superheating is higher or lower than the set limits, an alarm will be generated once the time delay has elapsed.

Max. discharge gas temperature Sd
Temperature sensor on an AI input.
A signal can be received from a Pt 1000 Ohm sensor on the pressure pipe.
• Common Sd for the whole compressor group
  If the temperature nears the set max. temperature, the capacity of the compressor will be reduced
• Compressor Sd
  if it is an Sd from a Copeland digital scroll, a Copeland stream or Bitzer CRII the capacity will be increased so that the compressor can cool down itself).

The compressors will be stopped if the temperature reaches the set max. temperature value.

Sensor failure
If lack of signal from one of the connected temperature sensors or pressure transmitters is registered an alarm will be given.
• In the event of a Po error, regulation will continue with a set capacity in daytime operation (e.g. 50%), and a set capacity in night operation (e.g. 25%), but with a minimum of one step.
• In the event of a Pc error, the condenser capacity that corresponds to how much compressor capacity is connected will cut in. Compressor regulation will remain normal.
• When there is an error on the Sd sensor the safety monitoring of the discharge gas temperature will be discontinued.
• When there is an error on the Ss sensor the monitoring of the superheat on the suction line will be discontinued.
• In the event of an error on the outdoor temperature sensor, Sc3, the permanent setting value will be used as a reference.
• In the event of an error on the S4 sensor, regulation will continue with the Po signal, but the reference will be lowered by 5 K.
• In the event of an error on the Saux sensor, the thermostat output will go to the rest position.

NB: A faulty sensor must be OK within 10 minutes before a sensor alarm is cancelled.
 A sensor alarm can be reset manually by pushing the "X-button" for 2 seconds when the alarm is shown in the display "Active alarms".

General DI alarms
On/off signal on a DI input
The regulator contains three general alarm inputs, to which alarm text and delay times can be connected.
Alarm and text will appear when the delay time has elapsed.

General thermostat
It is possible to install one general thermostat if there is a relay output and an analogue input available.
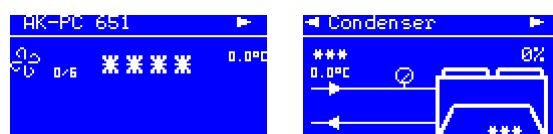
Display overview

End-user overview

The images in this daily user interface will depend on how the set-up is made. They will illustrate what is regulated.

For example: One or two suction groups, one condenser group, or a combination. See examples below:

1 suction groupe			
1 condenser group			
1 suction groups and 1 condenser group			
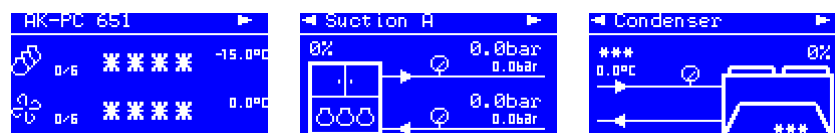
Each of the 3 rows above is continued with three additional displays.

The arrow in the top corner of the display shows the way to the next display in the same area of operation. By clicking the right arrow you can see these three displays:

Active alarms	Cleared Alarms	Information on the controller
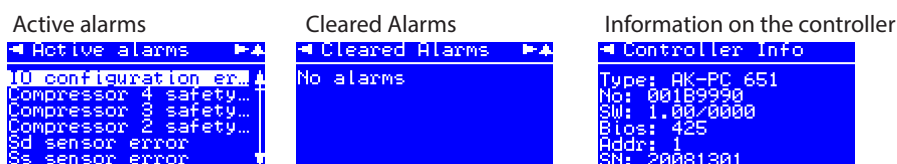
When an alarm is sent from the controller, you must advance to this display to see the alarm text.
Select a line and press "Enter" to see the details of the alarm.
If the alarm needs to be manually reset, press and hold the "X" button for 3 seconds.

Set-up overview

There are three ways in which the controller can be set up. Select the one that is easiest for you: either "Wizard", "Quick settings" or a review of "all parameters".

Start screen upon delivery

```
AK-PC 651      ►▲
No application
configured
```

Hold "Enter" ↵ down for 2 seconds to come to password entry
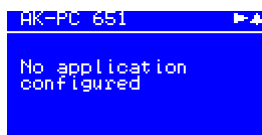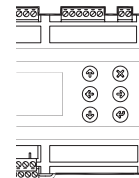
```
Password
0 * *
```

The default password upon delivery is 300. Use the arrow keys to set the password. End by pressing "Enter" ↵

Operating principles
1. Select position using arrow keys
2. Select using "Enter" ↵
3. Use the "X" to return

Wizard
Here you will be led through a series of settings, after which the controller will be ready for start.
Image 1 of 28 is displayed here.

```
Quick Start          ▲
Setup Wizard
Quick Settings
Parametric setup
```

Select a set-up method. End by pressing "Enter" ↵

```
Setup Wizard
Setup Wizard:
Language
       UK English
              1/21
```

```
Quick Settings
Select quick setting

          None
```

Quick
Select from the different combinations of compressors and fans here.
Also see the overview on pages 18 and 19.
3C2U + FS
2C2U + 6F
4C1U + FS
3C1U + 6F
2C1U + 4F
8CD + FS
6CD + FS
6CD + 6F
4CD + 4F
8CS + FS
6CS + FS
6CS + 6F
4CS + 4F
8C + FS
6C + FS
6C + 6F
4C + 4F
None

Example:
6CD + FS =
6 Compressors,
one Digital,
+
fans speed controlled

```
Main Menu            ▲
Start/Stop
Plant type
```

Main Menu
The first setting is the Plant type

```
Plant type
Select plant type

          None
              1/8
```

The following options are available here:
Comp + Cond = suction group and condenser
Condenser = condenser only
Compressor = suction group only
None
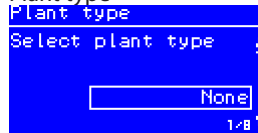
When the Plant type has been selected, it will allow several settings to be made.
For example:

```
Main Menu            ▲
Start/Stop
Plant type
Suction
Condenser
Safety monitoring
General functions
```
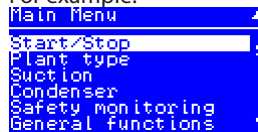
Continue to the next menus.
All settings are explained on the pages that follow.

Menu

SW: 1.3x

Start/stop			
	Main switch	**Main switch** Start and stop regulating here. The configuration settings will require that regulating is stopped. If you try to enter a configuration setting when regulating has started, the controller will ask if regulating should be stopped. When all settings have been made and the main switch is set to "ON", the controller will enable the display of the various measurements. Regulation will start. (If an external main switch has been defined, it must also be "ON" before regulating starts.)	On / Off
	Extern Main swich	**External main switch** It is possible to connect an external switch which can be used to start and stop regulating. Both the internal and external main switch must be ON before regulating starts. An external main switch can be defined in the menu "Plant type" - "Main switch via DI".	
Plant type			
	Select Plant type	**Plant settings:** The following must be regulated: • Compressor group • Condenser group • One compressor group + One condenser group	Fac: None
	Refrigerant type	**Refrigerant setting** Before refrigeration is started, the refrigerant must be defined. You may choose between the following refrigerants: R12, R22, R134a, R502, R717, R13, R13b1, R23, R500, R503, R114, R142b, user defined, R32, R227, R401A, R507, R402A, R404A, R407C, R407A, R407B, R410A, R170, R290, R600, R600a, R744, R1270, R417A, R422A, R413A, R422D, R427A, R438A, XP10, R407F. Warning: Wrong selection of refrigerant may cause damage to the compressor. Other refrigerants: Here Setting "user defined" is selected and then three factors - fac1, fac2 and fac3 and temperature glide (if necessary).	Fac: None
	Unit of setpoints	Device for configuration of compressor and condenser Select pressure or saturation temperature. (Can be set during initial set-up and must **not** be subsequently changed.)	Temp. / press Fac: Saturated
	Night signal via DI	**Night time operation via DI signal** Define an external switch here, so that the regulation reference can be raised and lowered externally. 1. Set the function to "Yes" 2. Go to I/O configuration and select an available digital input. Set this input to "Night condition" 3. Next, define whether the function is to be active when the signal is ON, or when it is OFF.	**DI-demand** No / Yes Fac: No
	Main Switch via DI	**Main switch via DI** Define an external main switch here, so that regulation can be started and stopped externally. 1. Set the function to "Yes" 2. Go to I/O configuration and select an available digital input. Set this input to "Main switch" 3. Next, define whether the function is to be active when the signal is ON, or when it is OFF.	**DI-demand** No / Yes Fac: No
	Mains frequency	**Frequency** Set the net frequency	50 Hz / 60 Hz Fac: 50 Hz
	Alarm output	**Alarm relay** Define an alarm relay here that will be activated in the event of an alarm. 1. Select the alarm priority that will activate the relay 　• No relay 　• Critical alarm 　• Severe alarm 　• All alarms 2. Go to I/O configuration and select an available digital output. Set this output to "Alarm" 3. Next, define whether the relay will be active (pulled) when the alarm is ON, or when it is OFF.	**DO-demand** Fac: No relay
	Alarm buzzer	**Alarm sound** Here the sound generator can be defined to emit a sound in the event of an alarm. Select which alarm priority will activate the sound generator: 　• No buzzer 　• Critical alarm 　• Severe alarm 　• All alarms (In the event of an alarm, the sound generator can be stopped by moving across the active alarm screen; see page 6)	Fac: No buzzer
Suction			
	Control status	**Regulation status**	

	Control status	Read the status of the control circuit here e.g.: • No comp. - No compressor capacity available • Normal ctrl - Normal control • Alarm Comp. - Cannot start compressor due to alarm condition • ON timer - Cannot stop compressor due to ON timer restriction • Start timer - Cannot start compressor due to Start timer restriction • Inj. On Delay - Waiting for injection on delay to expire • 1st comp del - First compressor run timer • Pump down - Last compressor running to pump down limit • Sensor error - Emergency control due to sensor error • Load shed - Load shedding function active • Sd High - Capacity control in High Sd safety prevention mode • Pc High - Capacity control in High Pc safety prevention mode • Manual ctrl - Capacity control in manual mode • Main switch OFF - OFF	
	Actuel zone	You will be able to see how the regulation is in relation to the reference here: P0 error: No regulation - Zone: The desired pressure is below the reference value NZ: The pressure is in place in relation to the reference value + Zone: The desired pressure is above the reference value	
	Control temp.	The current value of the regulation sensor can be read here	
	Reference	The total regulation reference can be read here	
	Running capacity	Here the connected capacity can be read as a % of total capacity	
	Requested capacity	Here the preferred connected capacity can be read as a % of total capacity	
	No. of running comp.	The number of compressors in operation can be read here	
	Po Pressure	The measured pressure for the Po pressure transmitter can be read here	
	To Saturated temp.	The measured Po pressure converted to temperature can be read here	
	S4 media temp	The measured media temperature can be read here (only if S4 is set as regulation sensor)	
	MC Po offset	The size of a reference displacement on Po required from the system unit (suction pressure optimisation function) can be read here	
	Pc Pressure	The measured pressure for pressure transmitter Pc can be read here	
	Tc Saturated temp.	The measured Pc pressure converted to temperature can be read here	
	Sd disch temp.	The measured discharge temperature can be read here	
	Ss suction temp	The measured suction gas temperature can be read here	
	Superheat	The measured superheat can be read here	
	Day / Night status	The status of the day/night function can be read here	
	Load shed	The status of the load shed function can be read here	
	LP pressostat	The measured signal from the safety circuit can be read here	
	HP pressostat	The measured signal from the safety circuit can be read here	
	Injection ON A	The status of the injection ON signal sent to the evaporator controllers can be read here	
	MC Load Shedding	The status of the load shed signal received from the system device can be read here	
	MC Night Setback	The status of the night increase signal received from the system device can be read here	
Control settings		**Regulation settings**	
	Control mode	Regulation type The regulation is normally set to "Auto", but it can be changed to "Off" or "Manual". When setting to "Manual", a forced capacity setting can subsequently be entered in %.	MAN / OFF / AUTO Fac: AUTO Min: 0 % Max: 100%
	Setpoint	Enter the set point for the regulation (regulation reference = set point + different offsets) here An offset can originate from a night increase signal or from an override function on the system device.	Min: -80°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 30°C (50 bar) Fac: -15°C (3.5 bar)
	Neutral zone	Set the neutral zone around the reference here. Also see the illustration on page 3.	Min: 0,1 K (0.1 bar) Max: 20 K (5.0 bar) Fac: 6 K (0.4 bar)
	Night offset	If necessary, set the value by which the reference will be raised at night. Keep the setting at 0 if regulating with Po optimisation from a system device.	Min: -25 K (-5.0 bar) Max: 25 K (5.0 bar) Fac: 0 K (0.0 bar)
	Max Reference	Set the highest permissible regulation reference here	Min: -50°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 80°C (50.0 bar) Fac: 80°C (40.0 bar)
	Min Reference	Set the lowest permissible regulation reference here	Min: -80°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 25°C (40.0 bar) Fac: -80°C (-1.0 bar)
	PI control selection	Set how quickly the PI regulation must react here: 1 = slowly, 10 = very quickly. (For "Custom" setting 0, the special settings options will open, i.e. Kp, Tn and time settings around the neutral zone. These options are only for trained staff.)	Min: 0 (custom) Max: 10 Fac: 5
	Gain factor Kp	The amplification factor, Kp (can only be seen and set when the previous menu is set to "0")	
	Integration time Tn	Integration time Tn (see above)	
	+ Zone rate of change	Change coefficient for + zone (see above)	
	- Zone rate of change	Change coefficient for - zone (see above)	

	First step runtime	At start-up, the cooling system must have time to cool down before PI regulation takes over the regulation role and can cut in the next compressor. Set the time before the next compressor may be started here.	Min: 0 s Max: 300 s Fac: 120 s
	Pump down	Pump-down function To avoid too many compressor starts/stops at a low load, it is possible to define a pump-down function for the last compressor. In this case, the compressor will be cut out when the current suction pressure is down at the set "Pump-down limit Po". (The setting must be greater than the safety limit for low suction pressure "PoA Min Limit".)	Yes /No Fac: No Min: -80°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 30°C (50.0 bar) Facb: -40°C (0.3 bar)
	Load shed limit	Capacity limitation at "low shed signal" Set how much compressor capacity can be cut in when a signal is received from either a DI input or a system device via data communication. The value must not be set lower than the compressors' lowest capacity step/"Start speed".	Min: 0 % Max: 100% Fac: 100%
	Emergency cap. day	Emergency capacity in the event of a malfunction of the regulation sensor (suction pressure sensor) Set the desired capacity that will apply during daytime operation. (If the S4 media temperature sensor becomes damaged/defective, use Po for regulation.)	Min: 0 % Max: 100% Fac: 50%
	Emergency cap. night	Emergency capacity in the event of a malfunction of the regulation sensor (suction pressure sensor) Set the desired capacity that will apply during night operation. (If the S4 media temperature sensor becomes damaged/defective, use Po for regulation.)	Min: 0 % Max: 100% Fac: 25%
	Comp. start delay	Delay of compressor start after forced closing of expansion valves (at the end of a forced close signal) The delay will result in the system device receiving a start signal for all the evaporator controls involved before the first compressor is started.	Min: 0 s Max: 180 s Fac: 30 s
	Injection OFF delay	Delay of the forced closing of expansion valves, if the controller calls for cut in of compressors, but the compressors are in a locked situation and therefore cannot start.	Min: 0 s Max: 300 s Fac: 120 s
Configuration		**Configuration**	
	Control sensor	Select the regulating sensor for the suction circuit: • Pressure transmitter Po • Media temperature sensor S4 (brine regulation). (Po is used for safety)	**AI-demand** Po / S4 Fac: Po
	Compressor mode	Set the type of compressor to be used for regulation: • CRII6+Multi **) First compressor is CRII6 compressor. The remaining ones are with unloaders • CRII6+Single **) First compressor is CRII6 compressor. The remaining ones are one-step units • Stream 6+Multi: **) First compressor is a stream 6 compressor. The remaining ones are with unloaders • Stream 6+Single: **) First compressor is a stream 6 compressor. The remaining ones are one-step units • Multi all:****) All compressors have unloaders • Multi + Single:****) First compressor has unloaders. The remaining ones are one-step units • Speed+Multi: ***) First compressor is speed-controlled. The remaining ones are with unloaders. • Speed+Single: ***) First compressor is speed-controlled. The remaining ones are one-step units • CRII4+Multi **) First compressor is CRII4 compressor. The remaining ones are with unloaders • CRII4+Single **) First compressor is CRII4 compressor. The remaining ones are one-step units • Stream 4+Multi: **) First compressor is a stream 4 compressor. The remaining ones are with unloaders • Stream 4+Single: **) First compressor is a stream 4 compressor. The remaining ones are one-step units • Digital scroll: *) First compressor is a digital scroll. The remaining ones are one-step units • Single-step only: All are one-step compressors • None:	**DO-demand / AO-demand** Fac: Single step only
	No. of compressors	Set the number of compressors on the suction circuit	**DO-demand** Min: 1 Max: 8 Fac: 0
	Lead comp. size	Set the nominal compressor capacity for the first compressor (it is defined under "Compressor mode") That is, the capacity of either a "Digital scroll", "Stream", "Variable speed" or "First compressor with unloaders"	Min: 1 kW Max: 100 kW Fac: 1 kW
	Comp. size	Set the nominal compressor capacity of the other compressors For single-step only: All are of the same size, including the first. For unloader all: All are of the same size, including the first.	Min: 1 kW Max: 100 kW Fac: 1 kW
	VSD Min. speed	***: For speed Min. speed at which the compressor will cut out	Min: 10 Hz Max: 60 Hz Fac: 30 Hz
	VSD Start speed	***: For speed Minimum speed at which the compressor will start (must be set to a higher value than "VSD Min. speed")	Min: 20 Hz Max: 60 Hz Fac: 45 Hz

	VSD Max speed	***: For speed Highest permitted speed for compressor	Min: 40 Hz Max: 120 Hz Fac: 60 Hz
	PWM period time	*, **: For "Scroll" and "Stream" Set the period time for the unloading valve (on time + off time)	Min: 10 s Max: 20 s Fac: 20 s
	CRII Period time	**: For CRII Set the period time for the unloader valve (on time + off time)	Min: 10 s Max: 20 s Fab: 60 s
	Comp. 1 min cap.	*: For scroll and CRII Minimum capacity in the time period (without a minimum capacity the compressor will not be cooled)	Min: 10% Max: 50% Fac: 10%
	Comp. 1 start cap	*: For scroll and CRII Start capacity: the compressor will only start when the capacity requirement reaches the value	Min: 10% Max: 60% Fac: 30%
	Comp. 1 Sd temp.	*, **: For "Scroll", "Stream" and CRII Define whether the controller should monitor the discharge gas temperature Sd from the compressor (NTC 86K or Pt 1000 Ohm).	**AI-demand** No / Yes Fac: No
	Comp. 1 Sd max.	*, **: For scroll, Stream and CRII and yes to "Comp.1 Sd temp" Set the maximum Sd temperature	Min: 0°C Max: 195°C Fac: 125°C
	No.of unloaders	****: For compressor with unloaders Set how many unloaders there are on the compressor on multi-step compressors	**DO-demand** Min: 1 Max: 3 Fac: 1
	Comp. safety input	Compressor safety circuit Define whether a DI input should be reserved for registration of each compressor safety circuit	**DI-demand** Yes /No Fac: Yes
	LP switch via DI	Low pressure safety circuit Define whether a DI input should be reserved for registration of the signal from an LP switch	**DI-demand** Yes /No Fac: No
	Load shedding via DI	Load limitation Define whether a DI input should be reserved for registration of the signal from a power meter • None: • DI: Load limitation must follow a DI input • Night Mode: Load limitation must follow the status of the day/night signal. (The day/night signal can be received via a DI input, via time schedule or network.)	**DI-demand** Yes /No Fac: No
	Sd disch. gas temp.	Shared discharge temperature Define whether signals from a common Sd sensor on the suction line (Pt 1000) should be received	**AI-demand** Yes /No Fac: No
	Ss suction superheat	Monitoring of superheat Define whether a signal from a common Ss sensor on the suction line should be received	**AI-demand** Yes /No Fac: No
	Injection ON fct.	Stop injection into evaporators If the compressors are prevented from starting, stop injection into the evaporators. Here define whether the function should be active and how the signal should be communicated. No: The function is not used Network: The controller sends a signal to the system unit, which then forwards it to the evaporator controls Relay: The function reserves a relay that pulls in if all compressors are stopped. All evaporator controls must be wired to this signal from the relay.	**DO-demand** No /Network /Relay Fac: No
Compressor timers	**Compressor timers**		
	Lead comp. Min ON	Min. On-time for first compressor Set a forced On-time here during which the compressor will remain in operation before it can be switched off again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation. To prevent a compressor breakdown, the setting must be made in accordance with the requirements of the compressor supplier.	Min: 0 min Max: 60 min Fac: 0 min
	Lead comp. Min OFF	Min. Off-time for first compressor Set the forced Off-time during which the compressor must be off before it can be switched on again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation.	Min: 0 min. Max: 30 min Fac: 0 min
	Lead comp. Restart	Min. period of time for re-starting the first compressor. Set the forced Off-time during which the compressor must be off before it can be switched on again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation. To prevent a compressor breakdown, the setting must be made in accordance with the requirements of the compressor supplier.	Min: 1 min. Max: 60 min Fac: 4 min
	Lead comp. Safety delay	Delay time before compressor no. 1 cut out for reasons of safety The time begins when a signal is received on the DI input (configure the DI input via "Configuration" and "Comp. safety inlet").	Min: 1 min. Max: 10 min Fac: 1 min
	Comp. Min ON	Min. On-time for remaining compressors Set a forced On-time here during which the compressor will remain in operation before it can be switched off again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation.	Min: 0 min. Max: 60 min Fac: 0 min

	Comp. Min OFF	Min. Off-time for remaining compressors Set the forced Off-time during which the compressor must be off before it can be switched on again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation.	Min: 0 min. Max: 30 min Fac: 0 min
	Comp. Restart	Min. period of time for restarting remaining compressors Set the forced Off-time during which the compressor must be off before it can be switched on again. The setting is to prevent incorrect operation.	Min: 1 min. Max: 60 min Fac: 4 min
	Comp. Safety delay	Delay time before compressors cut out for reasons of safety The time begins when a signal is received on the DI input (configure the DI input via "Configuration" and "Comp. safety inlet").	Min: 1 min. Max: 10 min Fac: 0 min
Compressor status	**Compressor status**		
	Comp. 1 Sd gas	Read the Sd temperature of the compressor here.	
	Comp. 1 status	Read the operating status for compressor 1 here. The following information may appear: Alarm - Alarm situation Main Sw. off - Compressor is stopped Manual ctrl. - Compressor is cut out on safety input (DI safety input) High Sd temp. - Stopped due to high Sd temperature Ready - Compressor is ready to start OFF timer - Compressor is waiting for Min OFF timer to expire ON timer - Compressor is waiting for either Min ON or restart timer to expire Running - Compressor is running Disabled - Compressor has been taken out of operation (compressor service)	
	Comp. 2....	The same function for the remaining compressors	
Compressor capacity	**Compressor capacity**		
	Comp. 1 cap	Read the connected capacity of the compressor (0-100%) here	
	Comp. 2......	The same function for the remaining compressors	
Compressor runhours	**Compressor run hours**		
	Reset runtime/cycles	Reset all of the hour counters and start counters for the subsequent compressors here.	
	Comp.1 Runtime L	Read the total operating time of the compressor (in hours) here	
	Comp.2.....	The same function for the remaining compressors	
Compressor cycles	**Compressor cycles**		
	Comp.1 Cycle total	Read the number of times the compressor has been started here	
	Comp.2.....	The same function for the remaining compressors	
Compressor service	**Compressor service**		
	Comp.1 out of service	The compressor can be taken out of operation, so that the controller regulates without this compressor. No = Normal regulation Yes = Regulating is carried out without this compressor, and no alarms are generated by it.	Yes /No Fac: No
	Comp.2.....	The same function for the remaining compressors	
Condenser			
Control status	**Regulation status**		
	Control status	Here you can read the status of the condenser circuit, e.g.: • Main Sw. off - Main switch = OFF • Ready - Capacity control is ready • Running - Capacity control is in normal run mode • Manual ctrl - Capacity control is set in manual control mode • High Pc/Sd - Capacity forced to 100% due to High Pc/High Sd safety functions • Safety limit - Capacity forced to 100% due to High Pc/High Sd limit • Night limit - Capacity control limited due to night silencer limitation	
	Control temp.	The current value of the regulation sensor can be read here	
	Reference	The total regulation reference can be read here	
	Running capacity	Here the connected capacity can be read as a % of total capacity	
	Requested capacity	Here the preferred connected capacity can be read as a % of total capacity	
	No. of running fans	The number of fans in operation can be read here	
	Tc Saturated temp.	The measured Pc pressure converted to temperature can be read here	
	Pc Pressure	The measured pressure for pressure transmitter Pc can be read here	
	S7 Media	Here the measured media temperature with sensor S7 can be read (only if S7 has been selected as the regulation sensor during "Fan configuration")	
	Sc3 air on cond.	The measured outdoor temperature with sensor Sc3 can be read here	
	Heat recovery status	Here the status of the heat recovery function can be read	
	HP safety switch	The status of the HP safety switch can be read here	
	Day / night status	The status of day / night function can be read here	
Control settings	**Control settings**		
	Control mode	Regulation type The regulation is normally set to "Auto", but it can be changed to "Off" or "Manual". When setting to "Manual", capacity can then be forced set in %.	MAN / OFF / AUTO Fac: AUTO Min: 0 % Max: 100%
	Setpoint	Enter the set point for the condenser regulation here. Also set a value if regulating with a fluid reference (set point value used in the event of an outside temperature sensor error).	Min: -25°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 90°C (159 bar) Fac: 35°C (15.0 bar)

	Sc3 offset	Temperature offset for regulation with fluid reference. Regulation reference = Sc3 measurement + Sc3 offset	Min: 0 K Max: 20 K Fac: 6 K
	Min. reference	Set the lowest permissible regulation reference here	Min: -25°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 100°C (159 bar) Fac: 10°C (5.0 bar)
	Max. reference	Set the highest permissible regulation reference here	Min: -25°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 100°C (159 bar) Fac: 50°C (35.0 bar)
	Heat recocery SP	Temperature set point for heat recovery function (only when the function is selected during configuration)	Min: 20°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 90°C (159 bar) Fac: 50°C (30.0 bar)
	Heat rec. ramp down	Ramp-down of regulation reference after heat recovery Set how quickly the reference for condenser pressure should be made after heat recovery ends. Enter the change in degrees Kelvin per minute.	Min: 0,1 K Max: 100 K Fac: 1 K
	Capacity limit night	Capacity limitation at night The speed of the fans can be limited here when regulating using speed control. During step-by-step activation, the start of the step-by-step process is limited.	Min: 0 % Max: 100% Fac: 100%
	Gain factor Kp	Amplification factor for PI regulation If the Kp value is lowered, regulation runs more smoothly	Min: 1 Max: 30 Fac: 10
	Integration time Tn	Integration time for PI regulation If the Tn value is increased, regulation will run more smoothly	Min: 30 s Max: 240 s Fac: 180 s
Fan configuration		**Configuration of fans**	
	Control sensor	Selection of regulation sensor: • Pc pressure transmitter • S7 media temperature sensor (Pc must be installed for safety monitoring)	**AI-demand** Pc / S7 Fac: Pc
	Reference mode	Set the reference for regulation here • Fixed reference; the reference here will be the defined set point • Variable reference; the reference here will follow the outside temperature, which is measured with Sc3.	**AI-demand** Setpoint / Floating Fac: Setpoint
	Capacity ctrl. mode	Set the way in which the fans should be controlled here • Variable; the fans are controlled by a 0-10 V signal from an analogue output. If it is defined in "VSD Start via DO", a relay will be able to start and stop the frequency converter. • Step; on/off control of fans will be via relays • Variable + step. The signals are parallel, so external wiring can switch over to step, e.g. if the frequency converter fails.	**AO-demand** Step / Speed Fac: Step
	No. of fans	Enter the number of fans here. For step-by-step activation, select the number of relays. The relays will cut in/out sequentially, e.g. 123-321. For speed control, select 1 or higher. No relay is reserved, but the setting makes it possible to define the monitoring of fans.	**DO-demand** Min: 0 Max: 8 Fac: 0
	Control type	Normally, PI-regulation is used, but this can be changed to a P-regulation if the design of the system necessitates this. • PI Ctrl: Regulation is carried out here with as little deviation between the reference and measurement as possible. • P-band ctrl: Capacity is cut in here after proportional regulation.	P / PI Fac: PI
	VSD Start speed	Set the start value of the frequency converter here. The value must be higher than the VSD min. speed value.	Min: 0% Max: 40% Fac: 20%
	VSD Min speed	Set the minimum speed of the frequency converter here. If lower capacity is required, this minimum speed should be maintained all the way down to 0% capacity. At 0% capacity, the system stops completely.	Min: 0% Max: 40% Fac: 10%
	VSD Start via DO	Define whether a relay should be connected to the frequency converter start/stop function here: • No: no relay • Yes: the relay pulls in when the frequency converter needs to be in operation.	**DO-demand** Yes / No Fac: No
	Monitor fan safety	Define whether safety monitoring of the condenser fans should be performed. • None: no monitoring • Individual: a DI input is reserved for each fan • Common: a DI input that is common for all condenser fans is reserved .	**DI-demand** Common /Individual Fac: None
	Fan at comp. OFF	Select the way in which the fans should be controlled when all the compressors have stopped. • Normal regulation: Fans to be controlled in compliance with normal regulation. • Energy-optimised: Fan capacity will be maintained at between 0 and 49% in a p-band of 5-15 K above reference.	Normal/Optimized Fac.: Normal
	Heat recovery via DI	Define whether a heat recovery cycle should be started with a signal on a DI input here. • No: No function • Yes: A DI input is reserved. When a signal is registered, the heat recovery function reference will become active.	**DI-demand** Yes / No Fac: No

	Fan status	Fan status	
	Fan speed	Here a reading of the desired condenser fan capacity is provided in %	
	VSD start/stop	Fan operation (frequency converter) status can be read here	
	Fan 1	The status of relay 1 (step 1 or relay for frequency converter) is indicated here	
	Fan 2.....	The status of relay 2, 3, etc. (step 2, 3, etc.) is indicated here	
	Fan Runhours	**Fan Run hours**	
	VSD Runtime total	The number of hours the fans have been in operation (frequency converter operation) can be read here	
	Fan 1 Runtime total	The number of hours fan relay 1 has been in the On-position (frequency converter has been On) is indicated here	
	Fan 2.....	The same function for the remaining fans	
	Fan cycles	Number of fans starting	
	VSD cycles	The number of fan starts (frequency converter) can be read here	
	Fan 1 Cycles total	The number of times fan relay 1 has been in the On-position (frequency converter has been on) is indicated here The controller checks that the fan has been active within the last 24 hours. If not, it will be forced to start in 5 minutes, in rotation with the other fans.	
	Fan 2...	The same function for the remaining fans	
Safety monitoring			
	Po Min limit	**Safety limits for min. Po** If a low value is registered, all compressors will cut out	Min: -120°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 30°C (159 bar) Fac: -40°C (0.5 bar)
	Po Max alarm	**Alarm limit for high Po** If a high value is registered, an alarm will be generated If a higher value is registered during a load limitation, the load limitation will be cancelled until Po has returned to the reference.	Min: -30°C (-1.0 bar) Max: 100°C (159 bar) Fac: 100°C (5.0 bar)
	Po Max delay	**Delay time for issuing a Po max. alarm**	Min: 0 min. Max: 240 min. Fac: 5 min.
	Superheat Min lim	**Alarm limit for insufficient superheating** (Superheating is measured in the suction line by Po and Ss.)	Min: 0 K Max: 20 K Fac: 0 K
	Superheat Max lim	**Alarm limit for excess superheating**	Min: 20 K Max: 80 K Fac: 80 K
	Superheat delay	**Delay time before alarm is generated for insufficient or excess superheating**	Min: 0 min. Max: 60 min. Fac: 5 min.
	Sd Max limit	**Safety limit for max. Sd** At 10 K under the set value, the compressor capacity will be reduced, and the entire condenser capacity will cut in. If the threshold is exceeded, the entire compressor capacity will cut out.	Min: 0°C Max: 195°C Fac: 80°C
	Pc max limit	**Safety limit for max. Pc** If Pc exceeds the value set here minus 3 K, the entire condenser capacity will cut in, and compressor capacity will be reduced by 1/3 for every 30 seconds. If Pc exceeds the threshold value, the entire compressor capacity will immediately cut out, and an alarm will be generated when the delay time expires.	Min: -1 bar Max: 159 bar Fac: 40 bar
	Tc Max limit	**Safety limit for max. Tc** The above setting for Pc max. limit can be read as a temperature here.	-
	Pc Max delay	**Time delay for Pc max. alarm** The alarm will only be generated when the time delay has elapsed.	Min: 0 min. Max: 240 min. Fac: 0 min.
	HP switch via DI	**Signal from an HP switch** Define whether a signal is to be received on a DI input here. The status of the signal can be read, and an alarm can be linked to it. Once a signal is received, compressor capacity will cut out.	**DI-demand** Yes /No Fac: No
	Safety restart time	**Delayed start-up following safety cut-out** If a safety cut-out has occurred due to "Sd max. limit", "Pc max. limit" or "Po min. limit", the compressors must be kept stopped for a defined period of time. The amount of time can be set here.	Min: 0 min. Max: 60 min. Fac: 1 min.
	Sensor alarm reset	**Reset alarm after sensor error** When a sensor error has occurred, an O.K. signal must be registered within a specified number of minutes before the controller resets the alarm. The regulation will be resumed as soon as the sensor signal is O.K.	Min: 0 min. Max: 30 min. Fac: 10 min.

General functions			
	Digital input alarms	**General on/off alarm** Here you can define up to 3 alarms that are not related to the regulation function. When a signal is received on the input, the controller will generate an alarm, but only after the related delay time has elapsed. The alarm can be defined to be active for an on/off signal. An alarm text can be entered for the alarm. This text can be seen in the display and can be sent to a system device. 1. Define the appurtenant alarm text 2. Set the delay time for the alarm 3. Go to I/O configuration and select an available digital input. Set this input to "General alarm (no.)" 4. In the subsequent menu, define whether the alarm is to be active for an on/off signal.	
	No. of DI alarm fct.	1. Define how many general alarms there should be	**DI-demand** Min: 0 Max: 3 Fac: 0
	DI1 Alarm text	The following alarm texts can be selected: • General alarm • High pressure alarm • Low pressure alarm • High temperature alarm • Low temperature alarm • Oil level alarm • Oil temperature alarm • Liquid level alarm • Leak detection alarm • Inverter fault	
	Di1 Alarm delay	Delay time for the DI1 alarm	Min: 0 min. Max: 360 min. Fac: 5 min.
	DI2....3	The same setting option for a DI2 alarm and a DI3 alarm.	
	Thermostat	**General thermostat** One general thermostat can be defined. 1. Define the function 2. Go to I/O configuration and select an available analogue input. Set this input to "Saux thermostat" 3. Go to I/O configuration and select an available relay output. Set the output to "thermostat".	**AI-demand** Yes / No Fac: No
	Thermostat cut in	Here set the temperature value at which the thermostat will cut in	Min: -50°C Max: 150°C Fac: 5°C
	Thermostat cut out	Here set the temperature value at which the thermostat will cut out	Min: -50°C Max: 150°C Fac: 10°C
	Thermostat temp.	The current sensor temperature of the thermostat can be read here (But only once the sensor input has been defined and the main switch has been set to "On".)	-
System			
	Display	**Select views on the display**	-
	Language	Choose from the following languages: English, German, French, Danish, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Russian, Polish, Czech, Turkish, Hungarian, Croatian, Serbian, Romanian	Fac: UK English
	Engineering units	Device Select SI or Imperial (when setting the compressor capacity with U.S. values).	SI / Imperial Fac: SI
	Pressure units	Pressure unit Select bar or PSIG	Bar / PSIG Fac: bar
	Temperature units	Temperature unit Select °C or °F.	°C / °F Fac: °C
	Time format	Time format Choose 12-hour or 24-hour format.	12 / 24 Fac: 24 h
	Screen saver time	Screen saver time If no buttons have been pushed for a specific period of time, the light in the display will be minimised. The light level will be restored upon renewed activity.	Min: 1 min. Max: 60 min. Fac: 1 min.
	User logout time	Log-off time If buttons have not been pressed within a specified period of time, the screen will return to the overview display. Afterwards, the user will have to log on again. If the time is changed, the new time will apply the next time the user logs in. If you log out here without waiting for the time-out period to elapse, go to the overview display and hold down the "X" button for 3 seconds.	Min: 1 min. Max: 60 min. Fac: 2 min.
	Display contrast	Adjust contrast	Min: 0 Max: 100 Fac: 30

	Password	Access code	
		The settings in the controller can be protected with three levels of access codes.	
	Password level 1	Level 1: End user settings, such as changing the weekly plan	Fac: 100
	Password level 2	Level 2: Adjusting installer level	Fac: 200
	Password level 3	Level 3: Configuration of system settings (configuration menu)	Fac: 300
		The access code is a number between 001 and 999.	
	Real time clock	**Date and time**	Year, month, date
		Used by weekly plan and alarm function.	Hours, minutes
	Weekly schedule	**Weekly plan**	-
		Set the opening and closing hours of the store here	
		The times can be used to change the regulation reference for suction pressure and for lower fan speeds at night.	
	Monday open	Time of opening, Monday	Hours, minutes
	Monday close	Time of closing, Monday	Hours, minutes
	Tuesday op.....	Times for remaining weekdays	-
	Network	**Network**	-
	Modbus Address	Set the address of the controller here if it is connected to a system device via data communication.	Min: 1 Max: 120 Fac: 1
	Baudrate	The controller only communicates with system devices that have this baud rate, e.g. AK-SM 850. The value must not be changed	Fac: 384
	Serial mode	The value must not be changed	Fac: 8E1
	Reset to factory	**Return to factory settings**	
		If this function is set to "YES", all settings will be returned to factory default settings, and the alarm list will be cleared.	
I/O configuration			
		Here you can select functions for the individual inputs and outputs. To prevent faulty settings, only select functions that have been set up via the configuration menus for the suction group and the condenser.	

Here you can select functions for the individual inputs and outputs. To prevent faulty settings, only select functions that have been set up via the configuration menus for the suction group and the condenser.
For digital outputs, define whether the function will be active for an activated or deactivated relay.
For digital inputs, define whether the function/alarm will be active for an interrupted or shut-off switch.
For analogue outputs, define whether the output signal should be 0-5 V or 0-10 V
For analogue inputs, define:
Temperature sensors:
Normally, the sensor type is a Pt1000 model, but for digital scroll/stream discharge gas temperature monitoring, an NTC 86K@25°C can also be selected.
Calibration value (+/- 10°C)
Pressure sensors:
Signal type: 0-20mA, 4-20mA, AKS32 (1-5V) or AKS32R (10-90% ratiometric of 5 V supply voltage)
>> *Important! Current types must be connected to inputs AI 1-6. Current types must be connected to inputs AI 7-10.* <<
Minimum and maximum pressure range
Calibration value (+/- 5.0 bar)
If you have used "Quick configurations" or "Wizard" to set up the controller, the inputs and outputs will be automatically set up (for additional information, see the "Quick configuration" or "Wizard" sections)
Limitations:
PWM outputs for digital scroll or stream compressors can only be selected on DO5 or DO6
Pressure transmitters with a current signal of 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA must be placed on analogue inputs AI1-AI6
Please note:
If a function has been connected to an input or output and is subsequently deselected in the configuration, the function in question will be marked with an exclamation mark (!). In this case, you must either activate the function in the configuration, or deselect the function on the input or output in question.

	Digital outputs	**On/off outputs**	On
	1:	When a function that needs to use an output is defined, it will be possible to select	Off
	2:	this function on one of the available relay outputs.	
	3:	Select a relay and continue with the setting. In the last setting you will have the option	
	4:	of selecting the function you wish to connect to the relay and whether the function is to	
	.	be active when the relay is activated or deactivated. Attention! Relay outputs must not be	
	.	inverted at unloader valves. The controller inverts the function itself.	
	15:	There will be no voltage at the bypass valves when the compressor is not in operation.	
		Power is connected immediately before the compressor is started.	
		If it is a function that requires frequent switching between on/off (unloader on a scroll compressor, a Stream or a Bitzer CRII)), use the solid state relay for this connection. There are solid state relays on output numbers 5 and 6.	
	Digital inputs	**On/off inputs**	On
	1:	When a function is defined that uses an input, it will be possible to select this function	Off
	2:	on one of the available on/off inputs.	
	3:	Select an input and continue on into the setting. In the final setting you will have be able	
	..	to select which function you wish to connect to the input and whether the function is to be	
	18:	active when a switch is on or off.	

	Analog outputs 3: 4:	**0-10 V outputs** When a function has been defined that needs to use a variable voltage outlet, it will be possible to select this function on one of the available AO outputs. Select one output and continue on in the setting process. In the last setting you will have the option of selecting which function you wish to link to the output.	0-10 V 0-5 V
	Analog inputs 1: 2: 3: 4: . . 10:	**Analogue inputs** When a function is defined that needs to use a temperature sensor or a pressure transmitter, it will be possible to select this function on one of the available AI inputs. Select an input and continue on into the setting. In the final setting you will be able to select which function you wish to connect to the input. Saux is a sensor for a general thermostat. (A type AKS 2050 pressure transmitter, for high pressure, emits a signal as an AKS 32R.)	*Pressure signal:* AKS 32R AKS 32 0-20 mA 4-20 mA *Temperature signal:* NTC-86K Pt 1000 ohm None
I/O Status			
	Digital outputs 1: . 15:	**Status of on/off outputs** Here you can see if the function is on or off.	
	Digital inputs 1: . 18:	**Status of on/off inputs** Here you can see the status of the function/alarm.	
	Analoge outputs 1: . 4:	**Status of analogue outputs** Here you can see the size of the output signals as a % of max. signal.	
	Analog inputs 1: . 10:	**Status of analogue inputs** Here you can see pressure and temperature values received by the controller. The values include calibration	
	I/O Summary DO: Max 15, Used:__ DI: Max 18, Used:__ AO: Max 2, Used:__ AI: Max 10, Used:__	**Inputs and outputs used** Here you can see how many of the different inputs and outputs are available. You can also compare this amount with how many have been configured. If too many have been defined, an exclamation mark (!) will appear.	
I/O Manual control			
	Digital outputs	**Manual control of a relay output** Under normal regulation, the function of the relay will be in "Auto". In the event of an override, the function will be switched to either "On" or "Off". Remember to switch to "Auto" when the override is to be completed.	Auto / On / Off
	Analog outputs	**Manual control of analogue output** During normal regulation, the function of the output will be "Auto". In the event of an override, the function must first be changed to "Manual", after which the output signal can be changed from 0-100%. Remember to switch to "Auto" when the override is to be completed.	Auto / Man 0-100%

Alarm priorities			

	General
	    Standby mode:
	    Sensor error:
	    Refrigerant:
	    Output in MANUAL:
		Alarm priorities
		The controller will issue an alarm notification if a specific incident occurs.
		Each incident is set to indicate the importance of each alarm, but it is possible to modify the importance of each. Choose from between the following priority levels:
		Critical: Important alarms that require a high level of attention.
			Critical
			Servere
			Normal
			Disable

	Suction group
	    Low pressure:
	    High pressure:
	    Compressor safety:
		Severe: Alarms of intermediate importance
		Normal: No important alarms
		Disable: Alarms set to this priority level will be cancelled.
		Factory setting for the alarm can be seen on page 21.	

	Condenser
	    High pressure:
	    Fan safety:		

Quick setup			

	Quick configurations C = Compressor U = Unloader F = Fan S = Speed D = Digital	This setting will reserve inputs and outputs for the following compressors and fans: The various connections are shown on the next page.	

App. no.	Display	Suction group				Condenser	
		Speed	Digital (Scroll / Stream / CRII)	1-step	with unloader	Step	Speed
17	3C2U + FS				3++		x
16	2C2U + 6F				2++	6	
15	4C1U + FS				4+		x
14	3C1U + 6F				3+	6	
13	2C1U + 4F				2+	4	
12	8CD + FS		1	7			x
11	6CD + FS		1	6			x
10	6CD + 6F		1	5		6	
9	4CD + 4F		1	3		4	
8	8CS + FS	1		7			x
7	6CS + FS	1		5			x
6	6CS + 6F	1		5		6	
5	4CS + 4F	1		3		4	
4	8C + FS			8			x
3	6C + FS			6			x
2	6C + 6F			6		6	
1	4C + 4F			4		4	
0	None	After making a selection, the setting will return to "None"					

After making a selection you must:
1. Set the type of refrigerant
2. Check the types of pressure transmitters
3. Check the min. and max. settings on the pressure transmitters

Factory setting:
Po A/B = AKS 32R, min=-1.0 bar, max.=12 bar
Pc = AKS 32R, min. = -1.0 bar, max. = 34 bar
Sd comp 1 = NTC 86K ohm
Sd = Pt 1000 ohm
Sc3 = Pt 1000 ohm
Ss = Pt 1000 ohm

	Setup Wizard	This wizard will lead you through the necessary settings, i.e. a total of approximately 20 to 35 display screens, depending on what is selected along the way. The selection will also result in a connection to a given input and output. You yourself will see this connection in the IO configuration menu. If applicable, see page 20.	

Connections used in "Quick configurations"

No.	Comp.	Display	Application		On/off output				PWM		On/off output									Analog output			
			Compr.	Conden.	DO1	DO2	DO3	DO4	DO5	DO6	DO7	DO8	DO9	DO10	DO11	DO12	DO13	DO14	DO15	AO1	AO2	AO3	AO4
17	Unl. All	3C2U+FS	3 w. 2	speed	C1	C1.1	C1.2	C2.1			C2.2	C2.3	C3	C3.1	C3.2	Fan VSD			Alarm		F speed		
16	Unl. All	2C2U+6F	2 w. 2	6	C1	C1.1	C1.2	C2.1			C2.2	C2.3	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6	Alarm				
15	Unl. All	4C1U+FS	4 w. 1	speed	C1	C1.1	C2	C2.1			C3	C3.1	C4	C4.1	Fan VSD				Alarm		F speed		
14	Unl. All	3C1U+6F	3 w. 1	6	C1	C1.1	C2	C2.1			C3	C3.1	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6	Alarm				
13	Unl. All	2C1U+4F	2 w. 1	4	C1	C1.1	C2	C2.1			Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4					Alarm				
12	Digi	8CD+FS	8	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan VSD				Alarm		F speed		
11	Digi	6CD+FS	6	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	Fan VSD						Alarm		F speed		
10	Digi	6CD+6F	6	6	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6	Alarm				
9	Digi	4CD+4F	4	4	C1	C2	C3	C4	C1 PWM		Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4					Alarm				
8	Var. speed	8CS+FS	8	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4	C1 PWM		C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan VSD				Alarm	C speed	F speed		
7	Var. speed	6CS+FS	6	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4	C1 PWM		C5	C6	Fan VSD						Alarm	C speed	F speed		
6	Var. speed	6CS+6F	6	6	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6	Alarm	C speed			
5	Var. Speed	4CS+4F	4	4	C1	C2	C3	C4			Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4					Alarm	C speed			
4	Single	8C+FS	8	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan VSD				Alarm		F speed		
3	Single	6C+FS	6	speed	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	Fan VSD						Alarm		F speed		
2	Single	6C+6F	6	6	C1	C2	C3	C4			C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6	Alarm				
1	Single	4C+4F	4	4	C1	C2	C3	C4			Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4					Alarm				
0	None																						

Example of display view: (no 11)
6CD + FS = 6 compressors, one is digital, + one fan is speed controlled

No	Analog input										On/off input																	
	AI1	AI2	AI3	AI4	AI5	AI6	AI7	AI8	AI9	AI10	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5	DI6	DI7	DI8	DI9	DI10	DI11	DI12	DI13	DI14	DI15	DI16	DI17	DI18
17	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	Fan safety													Load shed	Heat
16	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6									Load shed	Heat
15	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	Fan safety												Load shed	Heat
14	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6								Load shed	Heat
13	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4											Load shed	Heat
12	Sc3	Ss	Sd	Sd digi			Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan safety								Load shed	Heat
11	Sc3	Ss	Sd	Sd digi			Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan safety										Load shed	Heat
10	Sc3	Ss	Sd	Sd digi			Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6					Load shed	Heat
9	Sc3	Ss	Sd	Sd digi			Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4									Load shed	Heat
8	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan safety								Load shed	Heat
7	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan safety										Load shed	Heat
6	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6					Load shed	Heat
5	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4									Load shed	Heat
4	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	C7	C8	Fan safety								Load shed	Heat
3	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan safety										Load shed	Heat
2	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4	Fan 5	Fan 6					Load shed	Heat
1	Sc3	Ss	Sd				Po	Pc			C1	C2	C3	C4	Fan 1	Fan 2	Fan 3	Fan 4									Load shed	Heat
0																												

Connections when using Setup Wizard

If you have used the Setup Wizard for the configuration, the controller will automatically assign the selected functions to inputs and outputs in accordance with the following prioritised order:

Digital outputs (DO1-DO15):
- Pulse output for control of the capacity valves for digital scroll, stream or Bitzer CRII will be located on solid state outputs DO5 and DO6
- Compressor start and unloaders
- Fans
- Injection ON
- Alarm on DO15

Digital inputs (DI1-DI18):
- Compressor safety inputs
- Fan safety input
- External main switch (start/stop)
- HP safety switch
- LP safety switch
- Night status
- Heat recovery
- Load sheeding
- General alarm inputs DI1-DI3

Analogue outputs (AO1-AO4)
- Compressor speed control on AO1
- Condenser speed control on AO2

Analogue inputs (AI1-AI10)
- Po suction pressure is located on AI7
- Pc condensation pressure is located on AI8
- Sc3 outside temperature is located on AI1
- Ss suction gas temperature is located on AI2
- Sd discharge gas temperature is located on AI3
- Sd comp. 1 discharge gas temperature for digital scroll/stream compressor on AI4
- S4 media temperature
- S7 media temperature, condenser
- Saux for general thermostat

The assignment of functions on the respective inputs and outputs can be regulated in "IO configuration". Here is an example of 6 compressors and 4 speed controlled fans:
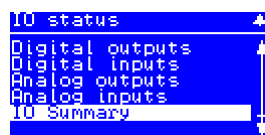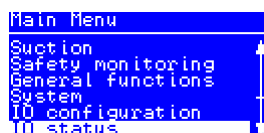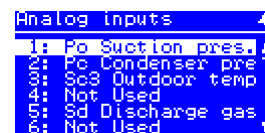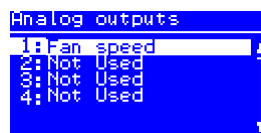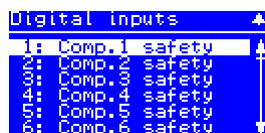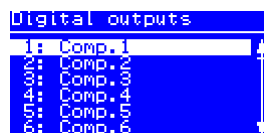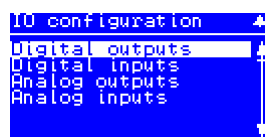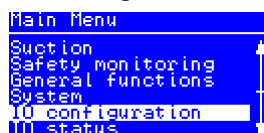
In this image you can see how many outputs and inputs your settings have provided.

Alarm list

Alarm text	Reason	Priority setting	Default value
General alarms			
Standby mode (Main sw. OFF)	Alarm when control is stopped by internal or external Main Switch (DI input "Main Switch")	Standby mode	Normal
Po sensor error	Pressure transmitter signal from Po defective	Sensor error	Normal
S4 sensor error	Temperature signal from S4 media temp. sensor defective		
Ss sensor error	Temperature signal from Ss suction gas temp. defective		
Sd sensor error	Temperature signal from Sd discharge gas temp. Sd defective		
Pc sensor error	Pressure transmitter signal from Pc defective		
S7 sensor error	Temperature signal from S7 media sensor on condenser defective		
Sc3 sensor error	Temperature signal from Sc3 air on condenser defective		
Sd Comp. 1 sensor error	Temperature signal from "Sd comp. 1" discharge gas temp. on digital scroll/Stream compressor is defective		
Saux - sensor error	Temperature signal from Saux thermostat sensor is defective		
Refrigerant not selected	Alarm if no refrigerant has been selected	Refrigerant not set	Normal
Output in manual mode	An output is set in manual mode	Output in MAN mode	Normal
IO configuration error	Not all inputs and output functions have been assigned to hardware Inputs or outputs*	(can not be set)	Normal
GA1 - "Alarm text"	Alarm on general alarm input DI 1 (DI input "Gen. Alarm 1 - alarm text depend upon configured text)	General alarm 1	Normal
GA2 - "Alarm text"	Alarm on general alarm input DI 2 (DI input "Gen. Alarm 2 - alarm text depend upon configured text)	General alarm 2	Normal
GA3 - "Alarm text"	Alarm on general alarm input DI 3 (DI input "Gen. Alarm 3 - alarm text depend upon configured text)	General alarm 3	Normal
Suction alarms			
Po Low suction pressure	Minimum safety limit for suction pressure Po has been violated	Low pressure Po	Normal
LP safety switch cut out	Low safety limit for external low pressure switch has been violated (DI input "LP switch")		
Po High suction pressure	High alarm limit for Po has been exceeded	High pressure Po	Critical
Ss High superheat	Superheat in suction line too high (measured by Po and Ss)	Superheat	Normal
Ss Low superheat	Superheat in suction line too low (measured by Po and Ss)		
Sd High discharge temp.	Safety prevention limit for Sd discharge temperature has been exceeded (10K below safety limit)	High disch. temp.Sd	Critical
Comp. 1 High disch. temp	Safety limit for discharge gas temperature of digital scroll/Stream compressor has been exceeded	Compressor safety	Normal
Compressor 1-10 safety cut out	Compressor no. 1-10 has been cut out on general safety input (DI input "Comp.1-10 safety")		
Condenser alarms			
Pc High condensing pressure	High prevention safety limit for condensing pressure Pc has been violated (3K below safety limit)	High pressure Pc	Critical
HP safety switch cutout	High safety limit for external high pressure switch has been violated (DI input "HP switch")		
Common fan safety cut out	A Fan is reported defective via common safety input (DI input "Fan safety")	Fan safety	Normal
Fan 1 -8 safety cut out	Fan no. 1-8 is reported defective via individual safety input (DI input "Fan 1-8 safety")		

* The alarm "IO configuration error" is activated if not all IO functions have been assigned to a hardware Input or output.
Often the reason is that too many functions have been selected via the configuration of the controller.
Go to the menu point "Main menu => IO status => IO summary".
In this screen you can see if you have configured too many functions of a certain type - indicated by an exclamation mark " ! "
Please refer to the screen example, were too many DO functions have been configured.
Solve the problem by adapting the DO functions to the max. No of DO outputs.

Sensor alarms
Sensor alarms shut off automatically when the sensor has been O.K. for 10 minutes.
If you have corrected the sensor error and want to perform a manual, forced removal of the alarm, go to the "Alarm detail display"
Press and hold the "X" key for 2 seconds here.

ERR31
Alarm on the external display - MMIGRS2

If the communication to the display is not carried out correctly, it will send an "ERR31" error notification.
This may be caused by the displayed terminations not being installed, or that there have been interruptions in data communication during the time when the display retrieves the basic information from the controller.
Once the terminations have been inspected, you should then check the software version of the external display. This is done by holding down the Enter key and the X key for 5 seconds, until the Bios menu appears. Next, press the X key and read off the software version in the bottom right corner. The software version must be 1.13 or newer.

Once the display's software version has been checked, check the display's settings as follows:
1. Hold the Enter key and the X key down for 5 seconds, until the Bios menu appears.
2. Select the "MCX selection" menu
    - Select the "Clear UI" line and press Enter
    - Select the "Autodetect" line and press Enter
3. Press the X key to return to the Bios menu
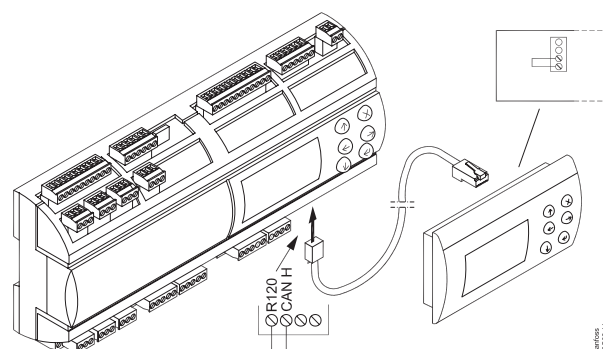4. Select the "COM selection" menu
    - Select the "CAN" line and press Enter
5. Press the X key to return to the Bios menu
6. Select the "Start up mode" menu
    - Select the "Remote application" line and press Enter
7. Press the X key to return to the Bios menu

8. Select the "CAN" menu
    - Select the "Baudrate" line and then select the "Autobaud" setting and press Enter
    - Select the "Node ID" line and set the value to 126 and press Enter
9. Press the X key to return to the Bios menu
10. Select the "Application" menu and press Enter.

The display will once again retrieve data from the controller. This process will take about 5 minutes.
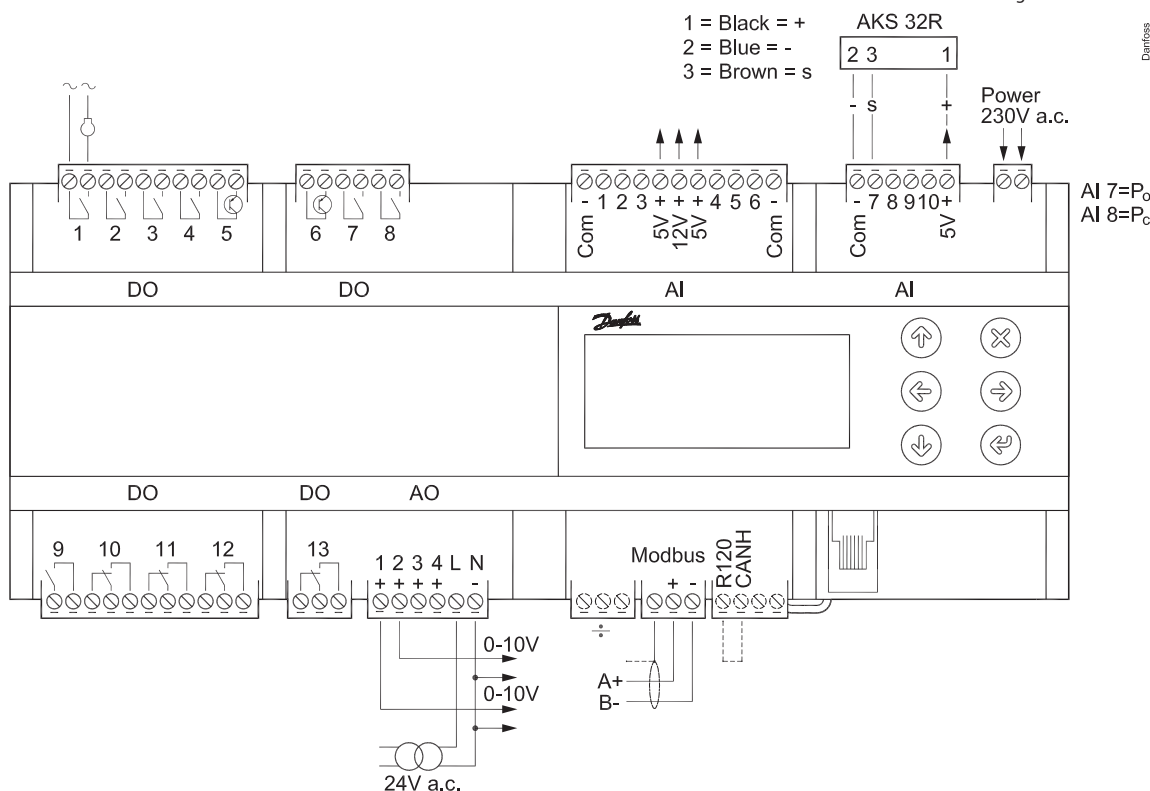
Connections

Connection, lower level

Warning
The supply voltage of AI may not share the signal with other controllers.

1 = Black = +
2 = Blue = -
3 = Brown = s

AKS 32R

DO	DO1	DO2	DO3	DO4	DO5	DO6	DO7	DO8	DO9	DO10	DO11	DO12	DO13	DO14	DO15	Σ 1-15
I Max.	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	0.5 A min. 50 mA Ioff < 1,5 mA	0.5 A min. 50 mA Ioff < 1,5 mA	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	6 A (4)	7 A (3,5)	7 A (3,5)	92 A
U	All 24 V or all 230 V a.c.								All 24 V or all 230 V a.c.					All 24 V or all 230 V a.c.		

DO - Digital outputs, 15 pcs. DO1 - DO15
DO5 and DO6 are solid state relays.
The relays are de-rated to the specified values.

AI - Analogue inputs, 6 pcs. AI1 - AI6
Temperature sensor
• Pt 1000 ohm, AKS 11 or AKS 21.
• NTC 86K ohm @ 25°C, from digital scroll.
Pressure transmitters
• Current: 0-20 mA / 4-20 mA, AKS 33 (supply = 12 V)

AI - Analogue inputs, 4 pcs. AI7 - AI10
Pressure transmitters
• Ratiometric: 10-90% of supply, AKS 32R
• Signal: 1-5 V, AKS 32
Factory settings: AI7=Po, AI8=Pc
Temperature sensor
See above

Supply Voltage.
230 V a.c.

AO - Analogue output, 4 pcs. AO1 - AO4
Must be used when using a frequency converter or EC motors.
Connect 24 V on N and L. Avoid earth fault current. Use double-insulated transformer. The secondary side must not be earthed.
Obtain 0-10 volts from terminals N and AO1, respectively N and AO2. PAY ATTENTION TO THE POLARITY of N.

Modbus
It is <u>important</u> that the installation of the data communication cable be done correctly. Cf. separate literature No. RC8AC.
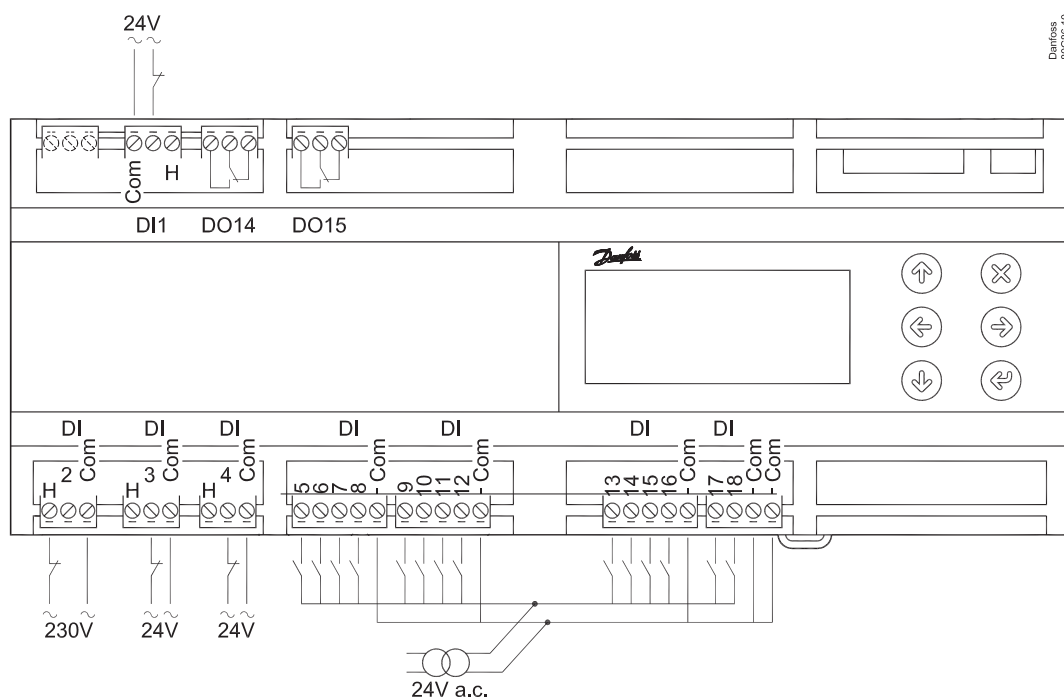Remember termination at the bus termination.

Termination
(Only if an external display is connected)
Insert a jumper between the two connections on the left (R120-CANH).

AKS 32R
10-90% ratiometric

AKS 32
1-5 V

AKS 33
0-20mA, 4-20mA

SIG
GND
5V

SIG
GND
12V

SIG
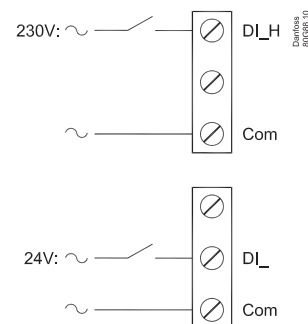12V
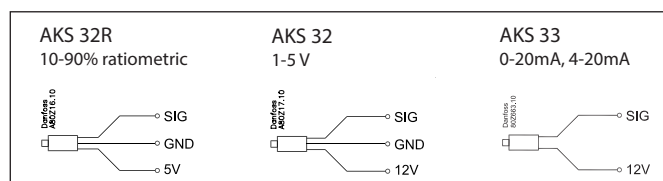
Connection, upper level

DI - High or low voltage Digital switch inputs, 4 pcs. DI1 - DI4
Terminal = DI1H, DI1, DI common ...
230 V signal: Connect to DI_**H**
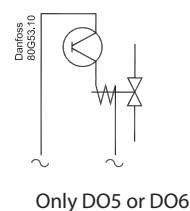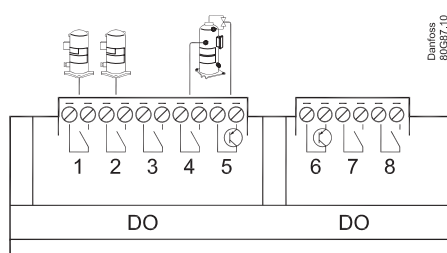24 V signal: Connect to DI_
    The connection may be a shut-down or interruption function. Select
   what is to be activated during configuration.

DI - Low voltage Digitale switch inputs , 14 pcs. DI5 - DI18
All are 24 V signal.

The capacity from the digital scroll compressor

Only DO5 or DO6

The capacity is divided into period times as "PWM per". 100% capacity is delivered when cooling takes place for the whole period. An off time is required by the bypass valve within the period and an on time is also permitted. There is "no cooling" when the valve is on.
The controller itself calculates the capacity needed and will then vary it according to the cut-in time of the capacity control valve.
A limit is introduced if low capacity is needed so that the cooling does not go below 10%. This is because the compressor can cool itself. This value can be increased if necessary.

Refrigeration
No refrigeration

Period time
Min. Capacity
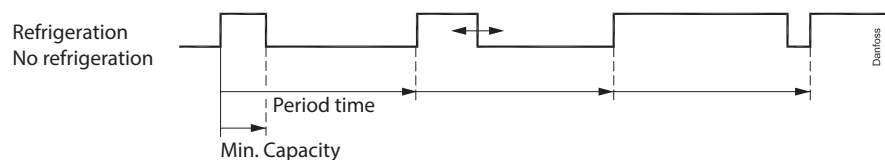
Copeland Stream compressor
The PWM signal can also be used to control one stream compressor with one unloader valve (Stream 4) or one with two unloaders (Stream 6).
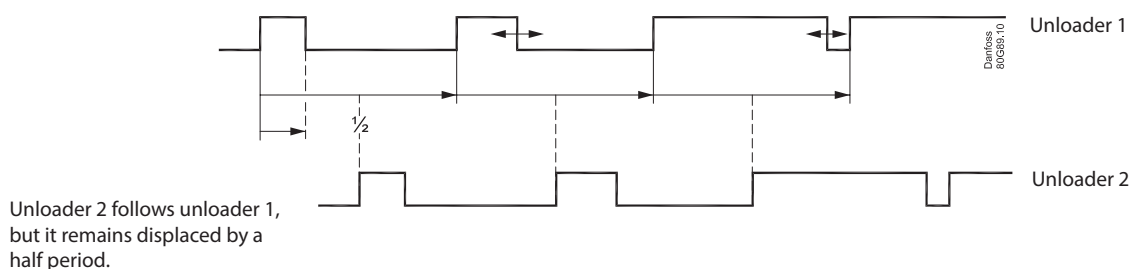Stream 4: The compressor capacity is distributed by up to 50% for one relay and the remaining 50-100% for the unloader. The unloader is
      connected to DO5 or DO6.
Stream 6: The compressor capacity is distributed by up to 33% for one relay and the remaining 33-100% for the unloader. The unloaders
      are connected to DO5 and DO6.
.

Bitzer CRII Ecoline
CRII 4: The pulse signal can also be used to control one CRII with two unloaders (4-cylinder version).
    The compressor capacity can be controlled from 10 to 100%, depending on the pulsation of the unloaders. The compressor start
    signal is connected to a relay output, and the unloaders are connected to DO5 and DO6.

Unloader 1

$\frac{1}{2}$

Unloader 2

Unloader 2 follows unloader 1,
but it remains displaced by a
half period.

CRII 6: The pulse signal can also be used to control one CRII with three unloaders (6-cylinder version).
    The compressor signal is connected to one relay output.
    The two unloaders are connected to DO5 and DO6. The third is connected to a relay output.
    The compressor capacity can be controlled from 10 to 67%, depending on the pulse of the unloaders.
    The relay is then connected to the third unloader. When this relay is on, the capacity will be controlled between 33 and 100%.
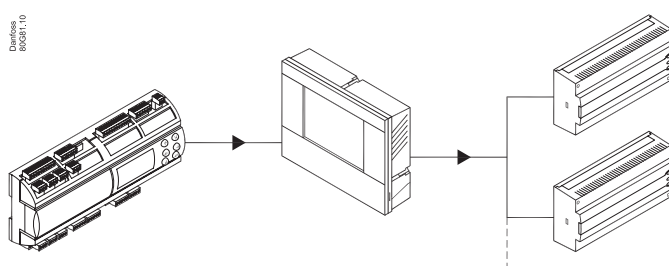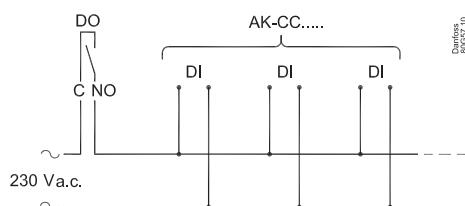
Sd monitoring
When regulating with Sd monitoring, one of the three compressor types will increase capacity if the temperature nears the Sd limit. This will result in better cooling of the unloaded compressor.

Injection off
The electronic expansion valves in the cooling appliances must be closed when all the compressors are prevented from starting.
As a result, the evaporators will not be filled with fluid that can be led to a compressor when the regulation process restarts.
One of the compressor control relays can be used for this function, or the function can be prompted via data communication.

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Data

Supply voltage	230 a.c. (85-265 V) 50/60 Hz, 26 VA
10 analog Input	Pressure meauring: Ratiometric pressure transmitter type AKS 32R 1-5 volt pressure transmitter type AKS 32 0-20 (4-20) mA pressure transmitter type AKS 33
	Temperature measurement Pt 1000 ohm/0℃ NTC - 86K from digital scroll / stream
18 digital input (14 for low voltage + 4 for high voltage or low voltage)	From contact function E.g. to: Start/stop of regulation Monitoring of safety circuits General alarm function

15 Relay output to capacity control	7 pcs. SPST (8A)	AC-1: 6 A (ohmic) AC-15: 4 A (inductive)
	4 pcs. SPDT (8A)	AC-1: 6 A (ohmic) AC-15: 4 (inductive)
	2 pcs. SPDT (16A)	AC-1: 7 A (ohmic) AC-15: 3.5 (inductiv)
	2 pcs. Solid State. PWM for unloader valves	Imax. = 0.5A Imin. = 50 mA. Leak<1.5 mA

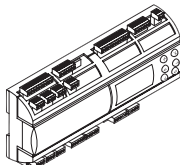|	
4 Voltage output	0-10 V d.c. Ri = 1kohm Separate 24 V supply required
Display output	For type MMIGRS2
Data communication	Modbus for AK-SM 800
Environments	-20 - 60℃, During operations -40 - 70℃, During transport
	20 - 80% Rh, not condensed
	No shock influence / vibrations
Enclosure	IP 20
Weight	0.8 kg
Mounting	DIN-rail
Connection terminals	max. 2.5 mm² multi core
Approvals	EU Low Voltage Directive and EMC demands re CE-marking complied with LVD tested acc. EN 60730-1 and EN 60730-2-9 EMC-tested acc. EN 61000-6-2 and 3

Pressure transmitter / temperature sensor
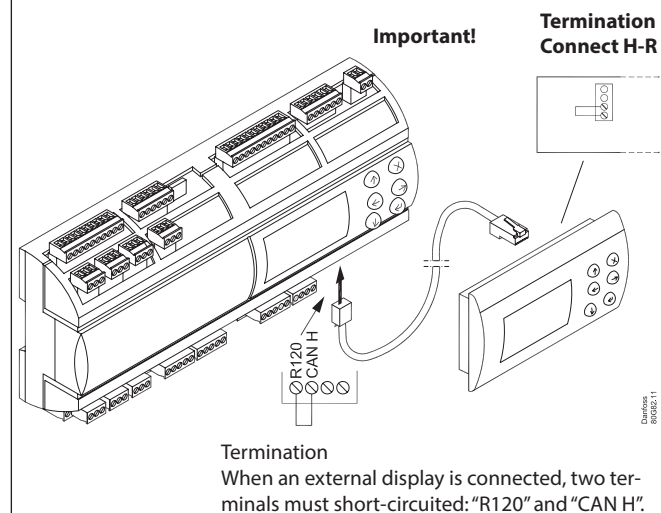Kindly refer to catalogue RK0YG...

Capacitive load
The relays cannot be used for the direct connection of capacitive loads such as LEDs and on/off control of EC motors.
All loads with a switch mode power supply must be connected with a suitable contactor or similar.

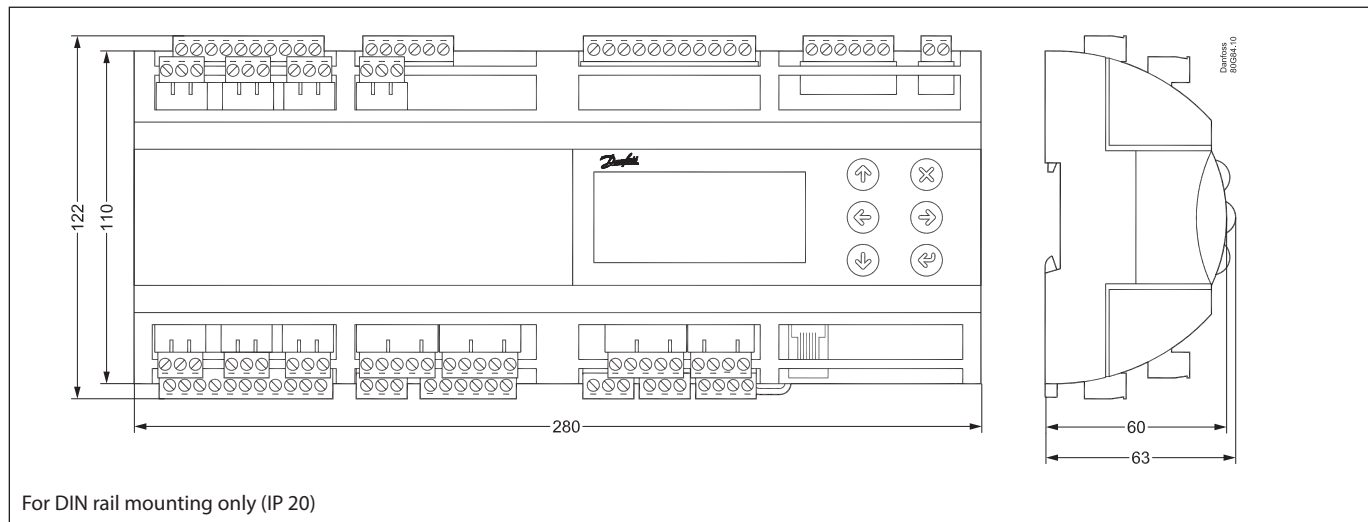## External display

An external display is only for front assembly (IP 20)
Connection only via cable with plug. See ordering.

Termination
When an external display is connected, two terminals must short-circuited: "R120" and "CAN H".

Ordering

Type	Function	Operation	Supply voltage	Code no.
AK-PC 651	Capacity controller	With buttons and display	230 V	**080G0312**
MMIGRS2	Display unit	With buttons and display	-	**080G0294**
	Wire for display unit, L = 1.5 m, 1 pcs.			**080G0075**
	Wire for display unit, L = 3 m, 1 pcs.			**080G0076**

Mounting /Dimensions

For DIN rail mounting only (IP 20)

List of literature

Installation guide for extended operation RC8AC
Here you can see how a data communication connection to ADAP-KOOL® Refrigeration control systems can be established.

Installation considerations
Accidental damage, poor installation, or site conditions, can give rise to malfunctions of the control system, and ultimately lead to a plant breakdown.
Every possible safeguard is incorporated into our products to prevent this. However, a wrong installation, for example, could still present problems. Electronic controls are no substitute for normal, good engineering practice.
Danfoss will not be responsible for any goods, or plant components, damaged as a result of the above defects. It is the installer's responsibility to check the installation thoroughly, and to fit the necessary safety devices.
Special reference is made to the necessity of signals to the controller when the compressor is stopped and to the need of liquid receivers before the compressors.
Your local Danfoss agent will be pleased to assist with further advice, etc.